

WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1896-TWELVE PAGES. No. 13,613.

TWO CENTS.

WHEAT AGAIN JUMPS

Wild Excitement Characterized the Trading at Chicago.

OF LIVERPOOL ADVICES

Violent Fluctuations in the Price Occurred.

BULLS WERE AMAZED

CHICAGO, October 19.-Wheat made a record-breaking jump today. The December option, which closed Saturday at 75 5-8, opened this morning at 78 1-2a79 1-8 steadyirg at the latter figure, an advance of 31-4. The wildest excitement characterized the trading. There was talk of possible failures as a result of the unparalleled advance. After a momentary reaction to 79, December wheat soon went beyond the top figures at the opening, touching as high as 791-4 several times within the first fifteen minutes of business.

Just before 10 a.m. the market took a sudden plunge downward and fell to 781-2, reacting later to 783-4.

Shortly after 10 a.m. the price receded to 78 1-4, but at that point the market whirled sharply upward again, and within a few minutes advanced a full cent to 79 1-4. During the frenzy at the opening some few trades were made as high as 79-1-2, while sales at 'the same moment in other parts of the plt were at different figures ranging all the way to 78 1-2.

About 10:30 a.m. the price was 783-4 December. At this point another I-cent-abushel advance was recorded with amazing rapidity. Almost before the tickers could place the figures on the tape in the brokers' offices the quotation had leaped to 793-4. This was within 1-8 of 4 cents a bushel added to the value of the cereal within a single hour.

Before 11 o'clock the pit witnessed a notable example of "whipsaw." From 70 3-1 the market fell as rapidly as it had risen, dropping a cent almost in a straight line to 783-4. Scattering sales were made at 78 5-8, and then the market once more re-bounded, the ruling price at 11 a.m. being 79 for December.

Caused by Cable Advices.

The advance today was due to the Liverpool cables, which reported that market excited, and from 3 1-2 to 5d higher. No such jump has been experienced in that market for years. In the first half hour's crazed rush to cover here most of the trading was around 79 cents. Tremendous lines were dumped on the market at about that figure. All the news was not bullish by any means. Northwest receipts were heavy, 1,642 cars, against 1,887 last year, and un-

cables, however, were the pre-eminent in-diuence, and trading was enormous, with fluctuations violent and frequent. Corn opened strong, though trade suffer-d from the wheat excitement. Receipts were large, but were offset by strong cables and sympathy with wheat. May opened about a cent higher at 30%230%, ad vanced to 51 cents and reacted to 30% cents. Outs was active and firm, with other grains. May opened about ½ cents higher at 22% cents, advanced to 23 cents

orld's shipments were liberal. The

and reacted to 224.

Provisions opened excited and moderately Provisions opened excited and moderately higher, but heavy realizing and selling by packers caused a reaction. January pork opened 25 higher at 8.35, and declined to \$17\(\frac{1}{2}\). January lard opened about 15 cents higher at 4.70, and declined to 4.65. January ribs opened 10 cents higher at 4.10 and declined to 4.6716. clined to 4.071/2.

1 Gradual Relapse.

Between 11 o'clock and 12:15 p.m. there was a gradual relapse. From 79, December slumped to 77 3-4. In the next half hour it was again ascending the ladder, and reached 78 5-8, but during the succeeding fifteen minutes it returned to the down grade, and at 1 p.m., fifteen minutes before the close, was quoted at 77 3-4. The de-cline continued during the final quarter of an hour. Just before the bell struck, De-cember was 71 1-4, and the last quotation for the day was 77 3-8 bid, 1 1-2 cent higher than the close on Saturday.

The excitement in the pit was too great, and the trade too active to permit of intelligible understanding of the personnel of the trade. But in a general way floor traders realized. John Cudahy sold a big line through traders.

Logan and S. Dupee were heavy sellers.

to such an extent, in fact, as to cause one of the frequent and violent breaks which characterized the trading. Baldwin also soll early, as did Bartlett. On the other hand, Armour was a buyer. Milmine, Bodman & Co. and Schwartz, Du pee & Co. took in large lines. Nicol bought

about 250,000 bushels at 79. A big surprise was occasioned by the Indian shipments of 72,000 bushels. This was otally unexpected and seemed to indicate that the seriousness of the Indian situation had been exaggerated. There was a lot of selling done on it, and it was with this as a reason that the price of December sagged to 77% cents during the last hour some iness. Liverpool was not the only foreign market to advance. Paris reported a jump market to 338 cents per bushel. The to 77% cents during the last hour's equivalent to 3a8 cents per bushel. The Berlin advance equaled 2 4-5 cents and

Antwerp 5a10 cents per bushel. Jump of 4 1-2 Cents at New York. NEW YORK, October 19.-Wheat made a perpendicular advance of 41/2 cents a bushel, following a stupendous jump of 6 cents at Liverpool, and general speculative excitement throughout the whole of Europe. The bull movement was accompanied by intense local excitement and heavy trading the first few minutes. Buying orders, of course, predominated. Even the bulls the selves were amazed at the enormity of the

advance, which has not been equaled in The December option, which closed Saturday at 81%, opened today at 85%, and before the demand could be appeased had jumped to 86%. Following this came a cent reaction, with a let up in trading. Corn and oats shared wheat's advance, both scoring

sharp rises over Saturday night. At noon the tremendous strain of ex-citement in wheat exhausted itself and prices fell off a cent a bushel through the cessation of the strong demand which had been a feature of the morning. The local feeling was still very much unset-tled, however, and traders on every hand were alert to catch the least indication of a charge in the market symptoms. The fact that late cables were a shade easier contributed not a little to the reaction in prices. As an evidence of the market's ac tivity it was estimated that up to 1 o'clock over 12,000,000 bushels had been traded in. There have been many entire days in past months when sales did not average over 2,000,000 or 3,000,000.

COMPLETED THEIR EXAMINATION.

The Experts of the Venesuelan Com-

mission. THE HAGUE, Holland, October 19 .- Prof. Burr and Mr. De Haan, the experts of the Urited States Venezuelan commission who have been in Europe for some time studying the archives of London, Madrid and The Hisgue, for the purpose of assisting the commission in its investigation of the boundary dispute between Venezuela and Great Britain, have completed their work. Prof. Burr will sail for New York from Liverpool Wednesday by the Teutonic, and his associate will leave Rotterdam for New York in the Spacendam this week York by the Spaarndam this week.

Their Attitude Causing the Campaign Managers No Little Uneasiness.

Two Virginia Senators, John R. Mc-Lenn and Mitchell of Wisconsin Apparently Lukewarm.

The attitude of certain silver leaders for some weeks past has given the managers of the silver campaign no little uneasiness There has been a haunting fear of luke warmness on their part. Their devotion to the silver issue has not been doubted, but it has seemed strange that they should not enter with more zeal into the fight.

The Virginia Senators.

The names of the two Virginia Senators are on this list. Senator Martin, it is true. is a rew convert to silver. He went over to that side only last spring. A good deal has been expected of him in this campaign, but, so far, he has cut no figure in it at all. His name has scarcely appeared in print since the holding of the Chicago conven-

Senator Daniel, who presided at Chicago, sailed soon afterward for Europe. But he returned home in September. He has just been heard from on the stump, with only two weeks of the campaign remaining. He comes out now against that feature of the party platform upon which Gov. Altgeld and his friends in Illinois are relying for so much help. He justifies the action of Mr. Cleveland in dealing with the Debs strike. The fear is therefore that so far as the middle states are concerned the break. the middle states are concerned the break-ing of his silence by Mr. Daniel may do more harm than good.

Mr. John R. McLenn.

The claims of democratic strength in Ohio have not seemed to consist with the failure of John R. McLean to appear on the scene and take charge of the campaign in person. Mr. McLean is the most potent man among the silver buckeyes. He has wealth, political experience and he controls the party machinery in the state. The silver mer "have been waiting for his coming, but he has not come as yet." He has kept up a steady fire through his Cincinnati newspa-per, but his personal presence, it is con-sidered, would have been far more valuable to the cause. They have not entirely aban-doned hope of seeing Mr. McLean in Ohio before the fight is over, but November is so close at hand a visit at this late tay

could not effect much.

Senator Mitchell of Wisconsin, like Sen ator Martin of Virginia, is a recent convert to silver. But he has not gone beyond declaring his purpose to vote for the Chicago ticket. He has had no part or lot in all of the hot campaigning in the northwest. His colleague, Mr. Vilas, who repudlated the Chicago ticket, has, on the other hand, taken a very prominent part in the fight, and it is largely through his influence and activity hat the cause of sound money is low so strong in Wisconsin

Some Explanations.

There has been some speculation as to what the explanation is in cases like these The best opinion expressed is that the broader lines upon which the democratic campaign has been conducted have not been altogether acceptable. Men who believe in silver, or who are willing for the party's sake to accept silver, are not in sympathy with the attacks on established institutions which have characterized so many campaign utterances. Senator Mar-tin is a lawyer prominently identified with the business progress of Virginia. He is leading counsel for several railroad com-panies, and it is not thought possible that ne can approve of the war that agitators like Mr. Debs are making on railroads in the name of democracy. Senator Danie is a lawyer of prominence, and a man of wide reading, and of much dignity, and it is not thought probable that he sympa-thizes with the attacks on the Supreme Court in which many obscure man in the name of democracy are indulging.

Men of Property. Mr. McLean and Senator Mitchell are both men of property and influential business connections. It has been strange enough to many to observe them in the Bryan camp. It is seriously doubted if they indorse all that is being done by the ccalition formed to put Mr. Bryan in the White House. They have a great deal at stake, and it does not seem reasonable that, however they may have felt when the cam-paign first began, they can now lend approval to such extreme appeals as are being made to class prejudices, and to such de-nunciation of property rights as are being delivered in the middle states and through-

out the northwest. A Pertinent Question. And the question comes up: If this sort of feeling explains the apparent lack of push and fight in these men, all of whom are good democrats, how much further does it extend in the party? How many men are to be found throughout the country who wish silver well, and who may give their own votes to the coalition ticket, are making no strenuous efforts to get the ticket elected?

MGR. MARTINELLI RETURNS. He Attended the Farewell Reception

to Cardinal Satolli.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., October 19 .- The Most Rev. Sebastien Martinelli, papal delegate to the United States, left this morning for Washington, which city he left las week to attend the farewell reception to Cardinal Satolli in New York. Monsignor Martinelli came to Villa Nova, Pa., near here. Saturday, to pay a brief visit to the "Mother's House" in this country of the Hermit Fathers of St. Augustine. Mgr. Martinelli is pro-general of the Augus-tinians throughout the world, and the order of which he is the head claims an antiquity f 1,500 years.

The delegate was accompanied by Mgr. Sbaretti, auditor of the papal delegation, and Very Rev. Charles M. Driscoll, O.S.A. provincial of the Augustinians of this prov ince, who was summoned to Rome soon after Mgr. Martinelli was appointed to suc-ceed Mgr. Satolli, and who accompanied the

former to this country.

Yesterday Mgr.Martinelli celebrated mass tudents of Villa Nova College, and in the afternoon he was driven through the surrounding country, visiting, among other places, the grounds of Haverford College and the Bryn Mawr College

ON THE ROBBERS' TRAIL.

Pursuit of Those Who Held Up the U. P. Train.

OMAHA, Nebr., October 19.-It is believe ed that the scouts who are looking for the robbers who held up the Union Pacific fast mail train near Ogden Wednesday are close upon their trail. Chief Canada of the special service bureau received a telegram from one of the searching party saying that he had good reason to believe something good would develop within a very short time. Another telegram was also received that \$791 .w place where the registered mail pouches had evidently been opened. The ribbers must have opened the pouches soon after leaving the train, for the drafts and other letters of no value to them were found in a cornfield not far from Unitah. Some

SOME SILVER LEADERS BRYAN VISITS OHIO

He Made the First Extended Speech | It is Now Being Sent Out From Headquarters at Lima.

CAMPAIGNING GENERALS AT CANTON

One of the Most Enthusiastic Meetings of the Year.

CURRENT POLITICAL NOTES

TOLEDO, Ohio, October 19 .- The buckeye state, the home of his opponent, was again visited by William J. Bryan today. At 4:25 o'clock today the special car Idler, bearing the party, was pulled out of Detroit, and 6:30 the city of Toledo, which some weeks | copy of the circular, and it is expected ago gave the nominee such a hearty welcome, was reached. Here a crowd had gathered about the depot and outside the gates and cheered the nominee. At 7 o'clock he made a three-minute platform speech at Perrysburg, and another at Deshler a half hour later. Short speeches of less than five minutes were made by him at Ottawa and Leipsic junction.

The train today was in charge of Daniel McConville, chairman of speakers' national bureau, and with him were W. W. Durbin, chairman of state central committee, and Grant Holliday, a member of the state executive committee.

At Toledo Mr. Bryan stepped out on the back platform and acknowledged the cheers and applause given him by a few appro-priate words. He told the people that they must not cheer him so much, but should save their voices in order to make converts etween now and election day. This advice provoked more cheers and ap-

The speeches at Perrysburg, Deshler, Ot-

tawa and Leipsic junction were of the same general tenor as those usually made by Mr. Bryan in his short tail-end platform Shortly after 9 o'clock the first speech of any length was made at Lima, where for thirty minutes the nominee expounded free

THE GENERALS AT CANTON.

An Enthusiastic Meeting Held in the

CANTON, Ohio, October 19.-Major Mc-Kinley arose early and took a drive in the fresh air. He called on his guests of yesterday, the old veterans, at the railway station just before their departure. The generals' special train left Canton shortly after 8:30 o'clock this morning for a swing around eastern Ohlo, and will conclude their Ohlo tour tonight at Cleveland, entering Michigan from Toledo tomorrow morn-

There was freezing weather this morning but the big tabernacle was crowded at 7:30, and flags and festoons and flowers made the scene a warm and brilliant one. Gens. Howard, Alger, Marden, Stewart, Walker and Sickles and Corporal Tanner made addresses. At their conclusion each of them was presented with a basket of flowers by the Canton Woman's Relief Corps Auxiliary to the G. A. R. The meeting was one of the most enthusiastic of th

campaign.

Gen. Sickles, as he spoke in a low voice, Gen. Sickles, as he spoke in a low voice, sitting out a chair, saut he was the democrat of the party, and there was no office in the government he would take, but he said the silver mine owners of America could make \$150,000,000 a year if the government would stamp free of charge for them 50 cents worth of silver as a dollar. He said these mine owners had a fund of \$2,000,000, and their plan was to deluge and corrupt the doubtful states if there were any a few days before election.

THE SOLDIER CANDIDATES.

Generals Palmer and Buckner Have Gone to the Northwest. CHICAGO, October 19.-Generals Palmer

and Buckner left for Milwaukee and the northwest at 10 o'clock today. They will visit Omaha and probably Lincoln, Bryan's home city. They will come east through Iowa, and perhaps go to St. Louis. With only two weeks of active campaigning left the officers of the national democratic committee are more than ever satisfied that Palmer and Buckner are going to receive their full share of votes in every state where the democrats have organized. Advices indicate, the national committee says, that thousands of democrats who had in-tended to cast their votes for McKinley are now under the standard of the Indian-

WATSON CONTRADICTED.

It is Claimed That He Once Agreed to Fusion.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., October 19.-Chairman Rosselle of the state populist committee has had his attention called to the recently published denial of Thomas E. Watson, populist candidate for Vice President, of a statement in the Lamar Leader, Rosselle's paper, that he, Watson, favored the electoral fusion in this state.

Mr. Rosselle has now given out a signed statement, in which he declares most em-phatically that Mr. Watson did, at his recent meeting in this city, in the presence of National Committeeman Washburn, Rankin, Reed and Gen. Paul Vandervoort and J. B. Follette, say that the fusion as arranged "was perhaps the best that could be done," and also that he had no objection to fusion on electors, giving him and the party adequate recognition.

SUNK IN THE NARROWS.

The Alsenborn Collides With the Fishing Steamer Peconic. NEW YORK, October 19.-The steamer Alcenborn, which plies between Baltimore and New York, collided with the fishing steamer Peconic at 5 o'clock this morning in the Narrows. The Alsenborn's bow was badly stove, and she took water in the hold rapidly, but was beached at the Red dock, a short distance north of Fort Hamilton, where she lies with bow submerged. The hold is full of water. Her cargo is general and is badly damaged. The stem is twisted

were unable to say how much, if any, damage was sustained. Efforts have already begun to get her floated and taken to a dry dock for repairs.

The tug D. S. Arnott is alongside pumpr out, and the steam lighter Octarara is taking out cargo.

to starboard. The crew of the Alsenborn

THE PANAMA CANAL.

Gen. Belin Arrives at Colon With 150

COLON, Colombia, October 19.-Gen. Belín, the Panama canal director, has returned here from Paris on the French steamer Germain. He brought with him from the West Indies 150 laborers to work upon the canal. The Panama railroad steamer Finance, which was due here on Saturday, has not yet arrived.

Frost Nips Mississippl Cotton. GREENVILLE, Miss., October 19.-Frost in a cornfield not far from Unitan. Some of the railroad officials are inclined to be lieve that the robbers after opening the top leaves of the cotton. At 9 o'clock the mail pouches worked their way back to Ogden and are now in hiding there or in Salt Lake City.

It Dwells Principally Upon a Letter of Mr. Bryan to Mr.

The A. P. A. circular attacking Bryan. mentioned exclusively in The Star last week, has been printed, and is being sent out from the supreme headquarters here. The supreme officers, when asked for a copy of the circular today by a Star reporter, declined to give it, and stated that all work of that kind was secret and could not be made public. They further said that even if it was not secret it would be discourteous to make it public in advance of its receipt by the A. P. A. councils. Every council in the country will receive a to cut a big figure in the election, especially in doubtful states. In Maryland, for instance, it is hinted that the circular is expected to solidify the A. P. A. vote in favor of McKinley. The vote of the order in that state, however, is even now said to be practically solid for him.

The contents of the circul

The contents of the circular were given substantially in The Star last week. The facts then given in The Star were correct, as will be ascertained when the circular is made public. It is said now it may not be made public at all, unless it leaks out with-out the knowledge of the officials of the

seal of the order, which makes it a secret document, as much as any of the secret work of the order.

The principal portion of the circular, or that which the officials dwell upon most freely as showing Bryan's antagonism to the order, is a letter which Mr. Bryan wrete Mr. Beatty, a Washington A. P. A. giving his views on the order and on the Junior Order of American Mechanics. Mr. Bryan disclaimed membership in either, and said, as stated in The Star, that he did not believe in any order which discriminated against any church. The circular will be read in the councils of the order throughout the country so soon as

While the order in Maryland is said to be almost solid against Bryan, it is said to be fighting ex-Representative Mudd, the republican nominee in the fifth district. He is a Catholic and everything possible is being done against him.

SILVER IN VIRGINIA.

Rallies to Be Held AM Over the State From Now On.

The silver managers of the campaign in Virginia do not admit that there is any chance of McKinley carrying the state. but it is said today that a vigorous cam-paign is to be made from now on. A. J. Wedderburn, the silver party national committeeman for that state, said to a Star reporter today that silver rallies are to be Saturday next there will be a rally at Marshall, Fauquier county, at which Senator Daniel will speak. There will be relieved, speakers. On the same day at Hamilton, Loudoun county, there will be a raily. A flag and a pole will be raised. A silver club was organized at Hamilton Saturday, 120 members being arcelled the 129 members being enrolled, it is stated.
"Rixey will be elected to Congress from
the eighth district," said Mr. Wedderburn "by a majority of 4,500 or 5,000, and I think every democratic nominee in the state will be elected." Mr. Wedderburn as-

serts that there are republicans in every silver club organized in Virginia. J. M. Devine, the populist orator attached to headquarters here, spent last week making speeches in Maryland. He made twelve speeches in the sixth district. "Bryan and Lee will carry the sixth district with ease," said Mr. Devine to a Star reporter this morning. "During my tour of the district I met hundreds of silver republicans who will vote for Bryan. Baltimore will have to turn out a big republican majority to overcome the Bryan majority in the bal-

ance of the state." Personal Mention.

Postmaster General Wilson is back from Charlestown, W. Va. Judge Arthur G. Moseley of Denison, known in legal circles throughout Texas. is in the city in attendance upon the sessions of the Supreme Court. He is at the

Ebbitt. Mr. James H. McIntosh of Omaha, Neb. is in Washington in connection with business before the Supreme Court. He is at master's department is at 1105 H street on

Maj. Frank H. Phipps and Capt. J. C. Ayres of the ordnance department are at the Richmond. They are here to attend a meeting of the board of fortifications. Lieut. S. L. Faison, 1st Infantry, is at the Cochran. Miss E. L. Sylvester, daughter of the

late Maj. Sylvester and editor of Art in Advertising, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Kimball. She will return to her home in New York this evening.

Col. William L. Trennolm, formerly controller of the currency and now in b n New York city, is now on a visit to this city.

Supreme Court Cases.

In the Supreme Court today a number of motions to reassign cases were granted, among them being the United States against Joseph Dunlop of Chicago, which was set for the second Monday in December. Dunlop is a newspaper proprietor who was convicted of sending obscene mat-ter through the mails, and has appealed to the Supreme Court. Justice Peckham announced the decision of the court in the case of the Bear Lake and River Water Works and Irrigation

Company against the Jarvis Conklin Mortgage Trust Company, affirming the decisiof the supreme court of the territory of Utah, in favor of the first-named company. A motion was made by counsel for the plaintiff to dismiss or affirm the decision in the case of Harriet, Monroe against the New York World, involving the publica-

tion of the world's fair ode by the World previous to its reading at Chicago. Sixteen cases involving the constitutionality of the Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky state laws taxing railroads, telegraphs, telephones and bridges, were set for ing on the first Monday in December.

Naval Movemental

The gunboat Castine, which is on her way from Brazil to New York with a draft of short-term men, left Bahia today for St. Lucia. The Marblehead left Smyrna today for home with men relieved from-duty on the European station. Gibraltar will be her first stopping place. The bewark has arrived at St. Augustine, Flat on her way to New York. She will be relieved of crusing duty in Floridan waters by the Raleigh, now on her way south. The Osmpia and Yorktown are at Cheefoo. The Marion has left Arica for Chao. The Bennington is at Where Secretary Carlisle Will Spenk

Secretary Carlisle will leave here Wednesday afternoon, and will make speeches in favor of an honest currency at the following named places in Kentucky: Coving-ton, Thursday, October 22; Bowling Green, Saturday, October 24; Owensboro, Monday, October 26; Louisville, Wednesday, October 28, and Lexington, Friday, October 30. These speeches are expected to have a powerful effect on the campaign.

THE A. P. A. CIRCULAR MR. WATSON'S LETTER

Said to Have Been Mailed to Chairman Butler Last Week.

EFFORT TO HAVE HIM MODIFY IT

to Discount It.

The Chicago Address Was Intended

MORE TROUBLE AHEAD

The political public is wondering what all the present talk of Tom Watson is about. All kinds of conferences are reported to have taken place at the home of the populist candidate, and all sorts of future confabs of the same kind are on the tapis. Yet nothing definite is given out as to why all this is taking place. At the same time comes in Tom Watson's acceptance of the vice presidential nomination. It was said to have been put in the mails and sent to Chairman Butler the first of last week, at the time of the meeting of the populist national committee at Chicago.

Chairman Butler asserts that he has never had the copy of acceptance in his hands, and has never seen it. Secretary Edgerton also has not seen it. Notwithstanding this it has been announced that the copy was mailed to Chairman Butler and the story is going the rounds that the chairman is suppressing it to force Watson to modify some of the things said in it.

It is Full of Pepper. Whether Chairman Butler has seen the acceptance or not, it is well understood in political circles that all the juggling which is going on now with Watson is for the purpose of making him rewrite his letter of acceptance or modify it. The letter is said to be full of pepper, and the silver managers fear it will be a dangerous document to go to the public now. They are afraid it will do Bryan harm in the states which are recognized as too close for any votes to be lost. Among these states are Kansas and Nebraska. Mr. Watson is mad about the fusion arrangements in Kansas, and he has promised to leave no stone un-turned to overthrow the existing arrange-ments there. If he cannot overturn things ments there. If he cannot overturn things he can make trouble in that state, as well as elsewhere. He has a large following everywhere, and they are willing to follow him in whatever he suggests, no matter what the cost. The republicans are watchful of openings of this kind, and stand ready to foment whatever trouble is begun. The democratic and even the populist managers see these things, and that's why Watson is being talked to and about so much son is being talked to and about so

No Love is Lost. It is believed that if Watson's letter goes to the public as it was written it will cre ate a sensution. To offset it or to prevent ft doing too much harm, the populist managers of the national committee will be called upon to practically repudiate Wat-son. It is further believed they will do son. It is further believed they will de this, if necessary. There has never been any love lost between Watson and Chair-man Butler, and if Watson leaves an open-ing his astute opponent may be depended on to "slug" him, to use ringside parlance.

Watson will to the same for Butler if he Whatever the situation may be, the feel ing toward Watson in official populist circles is anything but cordial. He is looked upon as a dangerous man, and as doing harm every time he opens his mouth. This feeling has grown more intense with time and with Watson's pranks, and should Watson attempt a master stroke at the last minute, as seems to be scheduled, he will incur the bitter and lasting enmity of the strongest men managing his campaign strongest men managing his campaign.

It is said ir. well-credited circles, despite derials, that the address issued from Chi-cago last week was for no other purpose cago last week was for no other purpose than to discount Watson's letter of accept ance. That is, they hoped they would do this. The maneuvers now in progress in-

dicate that the process wasn't as much of a clincher as it might be, and a rivet is a clincher as it might be, and a rivet is now being hunted for.

There is no reason to believe that Watson means to withdraw his name. That is not why Chairman Jones is reported to be billed for 2 conference with him. Watson has stated positively that he intends to make the race, and every man who knows him knows that he means what he says. In a nutshell, Jones and the populist lead. In a nutshell, Jones and the populist lead-

ers are trying to keep Watson's letter from getting to the public. There is a suspicion that Watson has de-layed giving his letter out to see what is going to be done in his state about fusion. He will watch the movements of the demo crats, and if he finds that they are not sin ore he will use this as a pretext for giving out the letter, which will be full of reflections on the party; probably on its candidate and managers.

The following letter was sent from popu

list committee here today:
Washington, D. C., October 19, 1896. Hon. Thomas E. Watson, Thomson, Ga: Dear sir: Senator Butler notices that you are reported in an interview as stating that you mailed your letter of acceptance to him at Washington, D. C., on last Wednesday, October 14.

He requests me to inform you of the fact that no such letter has been received by

AMERICA'S EARLY HISTORY.

FRANCIS H. HOOVER.

Volumes on It Presented by the Italian Government. Baron Fava, the Italian ambassador, today visited the White House by appointment for the purpose of presenting the President, by direction of the King of Italy, with a testimonial of friendship and esteen in the shape of a set of volumes of the greatest historical value touching the early history of America. The work is in fourteen volumes, being a collection of papers the enterprise of Christopher Columbus, as well as of the Italian explorers in this hemisphere who preceded the great naviga-tor. It was compiled by a special commis-

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY. Capt. Gaillard's Return From the Work of Survey.

sion appointed by the King of Italy and

printed by the Italian government.

Capt. D. D. Gaillard of the engineer corps has returned to the city from a special visit to Alaska, where he went, under oriders from Chief of Engineers Craighill, to make a survey of Portland channel, the southwestern boundary between Alaska and British Columbia. Captain Gaillard was. temporarily relieved of duty in charge of the Washington aqueduct in order to permit of the execution of this special duty, the necessity for which is urgent in connection with the settlement of the boundary dispute. Major Chas. J. Alien, in charge of the Potomac river improvements, is, in addition, temporarily in charge of the Washington aqueduct.

To Be Examined for Promotion. Lieutenant Commander H. W. Clifford of the New York navy yard and Lleut. W. H. Beehler of the cruiser Montgomery have reported at the Navy Department for examination for premotion.

JUSTICE RICHARDSON DEAD A LEAP TO DEATH

this Morning.

His Long and Brilliant Career in the Legal Profession-Leaves a Daughter.

Chief Justice William A. Richardson of the Court of Claims died this morning at 8 o'clock at his residence, 1739 I street. He suffered from a complication of disesses, which could not be checked, owing to his advanced age. The only member of his immediate family who survives him is his daughter, the wife of Dr. Magruder of the navy. The Juneral services will be held Wednesday afternoon at All Souls' Church at 2 o'clock, and the interment will be at Oak Hill. The Court of Claims met this morning, when Otto Braun, attired this morning, and immediately upon the

adjourned until Thursday, as a mark of

William Adams Richardson was born in William Adams Richardson was born in Tyngsborough, Mass., November 2, 1821. He was graduated at Harvard in 1843, and in the law department there in 1846. In the same year he was licensed to practice, and was judge advocate and governor's aid in Massachusetts. He was president of the common council of Lowell in 1853-4, of the Wameset Bank and of the Mechanics' Association. He was appointed to revise the statutes of Massachusetts in 1855, and subsequently was chosen by the legislature to sequently was chosen by the legislature to edit the annual supplements of the general statutes, which he continued to do for twenty-two years. He became judge of probate in 1856, and held this position until 1872. He declined a superior court judgeship in 1869, and in the same year became assistant secretary of the United States

He went to Europe as a financial agent of the government in 1871 to negotiate for the sale of the funded loan of the United States, and made the first contract abroad for the sale of the bonds. He became Secretary of the Treasury in 1873, resigning in 1874 to accept a seat on the bench of the United States Court of Clebras of United States Court of Claims, of which he became chief justice in 1885. For several years he was an overseer of Harvard, and he was a lecturer and professor in George-town Law School of this city. Columbian University gave him the degree of LL. D. in 1873. He wrote several books on financial subjects, and prepared and edited a supplement to the Revised Statutes of the United States and a history of the Court of Claims.

MANY ARMENIANS ARRIVE.

But It is Not Certain That They Will Be Allowed to Stay. NEW YORK, October 19.-One hundred and sixty-seven Armenians arrived on the steamship Oblam today, and were at once transferred to Ellis Island, where they were examined by the health authorities and the inspector of immigration. There was one family of sixteen, including husband, wife,

The Armenians, as a rule, were well dressed, intelligent-looking and did not appear to have suffered any privation. The refugees were met at Ellis Island by representatives of the Salvation Army and ladies from the Women's Christian Tem-perance Union, a representative of the Red Cross Society and several charitably-disposed persons. Upon their arrival at Ellis they were grouped and photographed

and interviewed by representatives of the A protest from the residents and tax-payers of Hohokus, N. J., was pre-sented to Dr. Senner, commissioner of im-migration at Ellis Island, signed by a committee consisting of Saul B. Moffatt, Fred Shilling and John Y. Dater, This protest shilling and John I. Dater, This protest stated that for some time past men and women dressed in the uniform of the Salvation Army have been engaged in systematic begging for the support and maintenance of "a horde of Armenians, the same being allens and paupers, and we protest against the said allens and paupers being sent into this community."

Another letter was from Rev. J. N. Tromper, pastor of the Christian Reform Church at Ramseys, N. J., where it is proposed to colonize the Armenian refugees, Pastor Tromper says that he has been requested by his congregation to extend the sym-pathies of his church and congregation to the movement to colonize the refugees. Gen. Booth-Tucker is expected at the is-land this rfternoon to speak in behalf of the refugees. At noon Dr. Senner was not in a position to state whether the 167 refu-gees would be admitted to the United States. He will reserve his decision until he has heard both sides, and may possibly

PACIFIC COAST FISHERY. Statistical Agent Wilcox Engaged in

refer the matter to the Secretary of the

Securing Information. SAN FRANCISCO, October 19 .- A. M Wilcox of Washington, D. C., statistical agent of the United States commission on fishes and fisheries, has arrived from Oregon and Washington, for the purpose of preparing a statistical report of the fishing industry on the coast. He has been industriously engaged in the pursuit of his investigations and inquirles in Oregon and Washington for several weeks, and will devote the next month or two to the work of

gathering data concerning the fish and fish-

eries of California.

Mr. Wilcox said that for several years past the fisheries of the west coast of the United States had been growing in importance to such an extent that the United States fish commission had deemed it advisable and highly important that an elaborate and accurate report of the status of the fishing industry be obtained, and he has been sent here for that purpose. His report is calculated to prove of great benefit to the commercial fishing industries o the coast, for the reason that it will show the need for more hatcheries and a more thorough stocking of the streams and in-land waters of the coast states. He says it is highly probable that the United States fish commission will decide to establish half-a-dozen new hatcheries in California before long, for the reason that the fishing industry of the Pacific coast states, including Alaska, has grown until it ranks nex to that of New England and middle At lantic states in extent and important while the value of the fishery products is greater than in the south Atlantic, gulf and great lake states combined.

BERLIN LAWYER STABBED.

Councillor Levy Killed in a Fight With Burglars. LONDON, October 19.-A Berlin dispatch to the Daily News says that on Sunday morning Councillor Levy, one of the best known of Berlin lawyers, was stabbed to death in his bed by two men, and his wife was so badly injured that she had to be to the hospital. The murderers escaped. The Daily Telegraph's Berlin correspon

dent says that 'Co

in a struggle with burglars.

THROWN FROM THEIR CARRIAGE. Duke and Duchess of Hedford Ser-

uncillor Levy was killed

iously Injured. EDINBURGH, Scotland, October 19 .- A dispatch from Cairnsmore, Kirkcudbrightshire, announces that the Duke and Duchess of Bedford, while out driving this

If you want today's

news today you can find

it only in The Star.

Chief Justice of Court of Claims Passed Away Otto Braun's Jump From a Third-Story Window.

SECOND ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE

A Sensational Morning at the Emergency Hospital.

DIED FROM SHOCK

By far the most sensational occurrence in the history of the Emergency Hospital happened at that institution at 10 o'clock in the regulation hospital night shirt, left announcement of the chief justice's death his bed, rushed across a ward, mounted another bed, made a flying leap through a third-story window and descended with great force, together with a cloud of flying glass, to the sidewalk below. Although surgical assistance was rendered immediately, the shock was so great that Brain died two hours later.

Braun, as was reported in The Star Saturday, attempted to commit suicide that moraing by stabbing himself twice in the left breast and side in the yard in the rear of the restaurant of Mr. P. Cannon, 1004 Pennsylvania avenue. Braun entéred the restaurant and asked permission to go into the yard. A couple of minutes later

a colored man employed by Mr. Cannon was startled to notice Braun stagger
and fall into a chair and to observe blood
gushing from his side.

The wounded man was hastily removed
to the Emergency Hospital, where the cuts
were dressed. Braun was forty-five years
of age, and claimed to be a resident of Annapolis, Md., where he said he was a bartender for his brother, Frederick Braun, a
saloon keeper at that place. The only exsaloon keeper at that place. The only ex-planation the man would make of his rash act was that it was the outcome of trouble

Braun, after the cuts were attended to Saturday, was placed in the cot nearest the entrance to the north ward on the third floor of the Emergency Hospital building. The windows of this ward opaned on D street, and Braun's cot stood with its head against the side of the room opposite the windows. Since Saturday his condition, it was thought, had improved somewhat, and the nan stood a good chance to recover. He had been drinking heavily before he stabbed himself, however, and appeared to be in a highly nervous and excited frame of mind. Several times Saturday and yesterady he left his bed, but returned promptly each time when ordered to do so by the physicians or nurses. Braun, after the cuts were attended to

physicians or nurses.

Everything was quiet this morning in the north ward of the hospital. The patients had received attention and the house staff were attending to their duties elsewhere in the building. The nurse on duty in the ward was occupied in another portion of the room, when suddenly the crash was heard. Braun had evidently made a careful study of his plan of action, and when the proper opportunity presented itself quiedy left the bed, rushed across the room, and as stated, mounted the other bed beside the window, and not taking the time to ra'se the sash leaped through the large pane of glass. The act was accomplished with such rapidity that the other patients

and the nurse could hardly realize what had happened.

The few pedestrians who happened to be passing along D street at the time were shocked to see a figure in white descend through the air and fall prostrate on the sidewalk. The falling glass was heard in-side the building, and the engineer of the hospital, hastening outside, found Braun ying but a few feet from the entrance of the building, flat on his back, with arms outstretched. The engineer carried him into the emergency room, where Drs. West, Lawrence and Turner made an examina-tion to see how hadly Braun was injured. His back was found to be bruised all over and there were a number of small cuts caused by the glass. These were dressed caused by the glass. These were dressed and the man was taken to the ward and placed in the bed he had left but a short time before. He was not unconscio head while the examination was in prog-

No other statements of an intelligible na-He mumbled something about "Rosy," and talked in a rambling sort of way about a large amount of money. Most of his utterances were in German. He would say nothing in explanation of his desire and de-termination to end his life. The man died a few minutes after 12 o'clock. The coroner was notified this afternoon, and he will probably direct that an autopsy be held. Braun had not been visited by any one since his arrival at the hospital, and it is not known what disposition is to be made

The bod at the hospital, in which Braun stood when he made the leap, had been vacated just a few minutes before by a paient who was transferred to Provid Hospital. The physicians and nurses at the Emergency regret the occurrence very deeply, although they claim that it was beyond human possibility to prevent it. The man had been carefully watched, and the nurse on duty had but a moment before been at his bedside. She turned her back an instant and Braun, with insane cunning,

MISS CALDWELL MARRIED.

Becomes the Marquise Des Monstriors-Merinville in Paris. PARIS, October 19 .- Miss Mary Gwendolin Caldwell, founder of the Divinity College of the Catholic University at Wash-

ington, D. C., was married today at St. Joseph's Church, Avenue Hoche, this city, to the Marquis Des Monstriors-Merinville. Bishop Spalding of Peoria, Ill., the guardian and administrator of the estate of Miss Caldwell, assisted by Father Cooke, officiated. Punctually at noon the pair entered the

Punctually at noon the pair entered the church and occupied seats beneath a canopy of flowers. After a complimentary address, Bishop Spalding performed the marriage ceremony, which was followed by a mass, celebrated by the chanoine, Father Dufort, superior of St. Philipe de Roule, a friend of the bridegroom. The muste was superh.

music was superb.

The witnesses for the groom were Counts
Henri and Pierre Des Monstriors-Merinville
Henri and Pierre Des Monstriors Merinville Henri and Pierre Des Monstriors-Merinville and the bride's witnesses were Mr. John Carter and Bishop Spalding. Among the guests present were the Duke and Duchess Doudeauville, the Marquis and Marquise De Micecourt, the Count De Turenne and the Marquis De Vogne.

NO CAUSE FOR ALARM.

The Reported Attempt on the Spanish King's Life. MADRID, October 19.-The newspapers

report that the departure of the court from San Sebastian, where the king and the queen regent have spent the summer, for this city was delayed by the discovery of a dynamite cartridge at Sumarraga, on the line to be traversed by the royal train. As the cartridge did no: have a detonator, and as inquiry failed to reveal the slightest additional suspicious circumstances, no pertance was attached to the incident

Sentenced to Thirty Years. DES MOINES, Iowa, October 19 .-- W. A Cummings, convicted of the rape of Myrtle Rockwell and Bessie Stephens, eight and

morning, were thrown out of their car-riage and seriously injured. The duke was aid-de-camp to Lord Dufferin while the lat-ter was viceroy of India.